In the United States Court of Federal Claims office of special masters

(Case No. 15-1294V)

LISA SANTOROSKI,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Special Master Dorsey

Filed: June 8, 2020

Attorney's Fees and Costs

<u>Robert Joel Krakow</u>, Law Office of Robert J. Krakow, P.C., New York, NY, for petitioner. <u>Claudia Barnes Gangi</u>, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., for respondent.

UNPUBLISHED DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS1

On October 30, 2015, petitioner filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleged that as a result of an influenza ("flu") vaccine administered to her on November 4, 2012, petitioner suffered from postural orthostatic tachycardia syndrome ("POTS"), inappropriate sinus tachycardia ("IST"), myopathy, and other vaccine-caused and related conditions. Amended Petition at 1. On October 25, 2019, the parties filed a stipulation for

¹ This decision will be posted on the website of the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** As provided by 44 U.S.C. § 300aa-12(d)(4)B), however, the parties may object to the published Decision's inclusion of certain kinds of confidential information. Specifically, Under Vaccine Rule 18(b), each party has 14 days within which to request redaction "of any information furnished by that party: (1) that is a trade secret or commercial or financial in substance and is privileged or confidential; or (2) that includes medical filed or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy." Vaccine Rule 18(b). Otherwise the whole decision will be available to the public in its current form. <u>Id</u>.

² The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program is set forth in Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2012) ("Vaccine Act" or "the Act). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa.

award, which I adapted as my Decision awarding compensation on the same day. Decision, ECF No. 138.

On February 16, 2020, petitioner filed an application for attorneys' fees and costs. Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs (ECF No. 143). Petitioner requests compensation in the amount of \$111,983.80, representing \$97,113.20 in attorneys' fees and \$14,470.60 in costs incurred by counsel and \$400.00 in costs incurred by petitioner. Fees App. Ex. 2 at 50-51. Respondent filed his response on March 2, 2020 indicating that he "is satisfied the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs are met in this case." Response, ECF No. 144, at 2. Petitioner filed a reply on the same day, March 2, 2020, stating that petitioner "relies on facts, and argument presented in her submission". ECF No. 145. The matter is now ripe for disposition.

For the reasons discussed below, the undersigned GRANTS petitioner's motion and awards a total of \$111,983.80.

I. Discussion

Under the Vaccine Act, the special master shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for any petition that results in an award of compensation. 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(e)(1). When compensation is not awarded, the special master "may" award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs "if the special master or court determines that the petition was brought in good faith and there was a reasonable basis for the claim for which the petition was brought." <u>Id.</u> at §15(e)(1). In this case, because petitioner was awarded compensation pursuant to a stipulation, she is entitled to a reasonable award of final attorneys' fees and costs.

a. Reasonable Attorneys' Fees

The Federal Circuit has approved use of the lodestar approach to determine reasonable attorney's fees and costs under the Vaccine Act. Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 515 F.3d 1343, 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Using the lodestar approach, a court first determines "an initial estimate of a reasonable attorney's fee by 'multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation times a reasonable hourly rate." Id. at 1347-58 (quoting Blum v. Stenson, 465 U.S. 886, 888 (1984)). Then, the court may make an upward or downward departure from the initial calculation of the fee award based on other specific findings. Id. at 1348.

Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs., 85 Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." Saxton v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting Hensley v. Eckerhart, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." Id. at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request sua sponte, apart from objections raised by respondent

and without providing a petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. *See* Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (2009).

A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of a petitioner's fee application when reducing fees. Broekelschen v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (2011). Special masters may rely on their experience with the Vaccine Program and its attorneys to determine the reasonable number of hours expended. Wasson v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs., 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (Fed. Cl. Nov. 19, 1991) rev'd on other grounds and aff'd in relevant part, 988 F. 2d 131 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Just as "[t]rial courts routinely use their prior experience to reduce hourly rates and the number of hours clamed in attorney fee requests ... [v]accine program special masters are also entitled to use their prior experience in reviewing fee application." Saxton, 3 F. 3d at 1521.

i. Reasonable Hourly Rates

Petitioner requests the following hourly rates for the work of her counsel, Mr. Robert J. Krakow: \$413 per hour for work performed in 2015, \$425 per hour for work performed in 2016, \$435 per hour for work performed in 2017, \$450 per hour for work performed in 2018, and \$464 per hour for work performed in 2019 and 2020. Fees App. at 12. Petitioner also requests rates for work Mr. Krakow performed that is considered more paralegal in nature at the rates of \$125 - \$156 from 2015 - 2020. Id. These rates are consistent with what Mr. Krakow has previously been awarded for his work in the Vaccine Program, and the undersigned finds the rates to be reasonable in this case as well.

ii. Reasonable Hours Expended

The undersigned has reviewed the submitted billing entries and finds the total number of hours billed to be reasonable. The billing entries accurately reflect the nature of the work performed and the undersigned does not find any of the entries to be objectionable. Respondent also has not indicated that he finds any of the entries to be objectionable either. Accordingly, petitioner is entitled to the full amount of attorneys' fees sought, \$97,113.20.

b. Attorneys' Costs

Petitioner requests a total of \$14,870.60 in attorneys' costs. This amount is comprised of petitioner's counsel incurring \$7,751.39 for acquiring medical records, postage; \$6,125.00 in fees incurred for the expert M. Eric Gershwin, M.D., and \$400.00 for costs personally incurred by petitioner. Fees App. Ex. 3 at 1. All of these costs are typical of Vaccine Program litigation and petitioner has provided adequate documentation supporting them. Accordingly, the requested attorneys' costs are reasonable, and all costs requested shall be fully reimbursed.

II. Conclusion

Based on all of the above, the undersigned finds that it is reasonable compensate petitioner and her counsel as follows:

Attorneys' Fees Requested	\$97,113.20
(Total Reduction from Billing Hours)	-
Total Attorneys' Fees Awarded	\$97,113.20
Attorneys' Costs Requested	\$14,470.60
(Reduction of Costs)	-
Total Attorneys' Costs Awarded	\$14,470.60
Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs Awarded	\$111,583.80
Petitioner's Costs	\$400.00
Total Amount Awarded	\$111,983.80

Accordingly, the undersigned awards the following:

- 1) A lump sum of \$111,583.80, representing reimbursement for attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and petitioner's counsel, Robert J. Krakow; and
- 2) A lump sum of \$400.00, representing reimbursement for petitioner's costs, in the form of a check payable to petitioner.

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the Clerk of Court **SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT** in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey

Nora Beth Dorsey Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice enouncing the right to seek review.